

Long-distance Photoelectric Sensor

E3G

Advanced Design with Automatic Teach Function

- Retroreflective models have a sensing distance of 10 m
- Teach function up to 2 m diffuse
- Zone mode for precise sensing
- M12 connector and pre-leaded models
- IEC IP67
- Light-ON/Dark-ON operation, NPN/PNP output are switch selectable
- Relay or transistor output models

Ordering Information

SENSORS

Туре	Supply voltage	Output	Connection	Sensing range	Standard target	Timer function	Part number
Polarized	10-30 VDC	NPN/PNP	Pre-leaded	with E20 P2	80 mm dia.		E3G-R13
retroreflective			Connector				E3G-R17
	12-240 VDC,	Relay	Terminal	(included)			E3G-MR19-US
	24-240 VAC		block			ON or OFF delay 0-5s, adjustable	E3G-MR19T-US
Diffuse	10-30 VDC	NPN/PNP	Pre-leaded	200 mm to 2 m	300 x 300 mm Kodak 90% white card		E3G-L73
reflective			Connector				E3G-L77
		Relay T	Terminal				E3G-ML79-US
	24-240 VAC		block			ON or OFF delay 0-5s, adjustable	E3G-ML79T-US

CONNECTOR CORDSETS

Connector Cables

Shape	Length	Conductors	Part number
Straight	2 m	Three	XS2F-D421-DC0-A
	5 m		XS2F-D421-GC0-A
Right angle	2 m		XS2F-D422-DC0-A
	5 m		XS2F-D422-GC0-A



■ ACCESSORIES (ORDER SEPARATELY)

Reflectors

Shape	Sensing distance (typical)	Remarks	Part number
	500 mm to 10 m	Included with E3G-R and E3G-MR	E39-R2
	100 mm to 6 m		E39-R1

Terminal Protection Cover for Side-pullout Cable (required when side-exit is desired for cable)

Shape	Applicable model	Remarks	Part number
	E3G-MR19 (T), ML79 (T)	Provided with rubber bushing and cap for pullout prevention in vertical direction	E39-L129

Mounting Brackets (not included, order separately)

Shape	Applicable model	Remarks	Part number
	Pre-leaded and connector mo	odels	
	E3G-R1□ E3G-L7□		E39-L131
		Rear-mounting use	E39-L132
	Terminal block models		
	E3G-MR19 (T) E3G-ML79 (T)	Cable pulled out in the downward direction	E39-L135
	E3G-MR19 (T) E3G-ML79 (T)		E39-L136

Specifications _____

■ RATINGS/CHARACTERISTICS

Sensing method	Retroreflecti	ve (polarized)			Diffuse			
Part number	E3G-R13	E3G-R17	E3G-MR19	E3G-MR19T	E3G-L73	E3G-L77	E3G-ML79	E3G-ML79T
Sensing distance	0.5 to 10 m ((1.64 to 32.8 ft)	using E39-R2	2	0.2 to 2 m (0.66 to 6.56 ft)			
Setting distance	tance				0.5 to 2 m (1.64 to 6.56 ft)			
Standard sensing object	Opaque: 80	dia. min.			Kodak 90% white card 300 x 300 mm			
Hysteresis (typical)					10% of settir	ng distance		
Directional angle	Sensor: 1° to Reflector: 40							
Reflectivity characteristics (black/white error)					±10% max. (at 1-m sensin	g distance)	
Light source (wavelength)	Red LED (7	00 nm)	Infrared LED (860 nm)		Infrared LED (860 nm)		nm)	
Spot size		-			70 dia. max. at 1-m sensing distance			
Supply voltage	10 to 30 VDC including 10% (p-p) ripple		12 to 240 VE including 10 ripple 24 to 240 VA 50/60 Hz	% (p-p) max.	10 to 30 VDC including 10% (p-p) ripple 24 to 240 VA0 50/60 Hz		0% (p-p) max.	
Current consumption	50 mA max.		2 W max.		60 mA max.		2 W max.	
Output	30 VDC max. Load current: 100 mA max. Residual voltage: NPN output: 1.2 V max. PNP output: 2.0 V max. Open collector output (NPN/PNP selectable)		Relay outpur 3 A (cos ¢ = 250 VAC or 30 VDC	1) max. at	Load power voltage: 30 Load current 100 mA max Residual vol output: 1.2 V output: 2.0 V Open collect (NPN/PNP s	VDC max. tage: NPN max. PNP max. or output	Relay outpu 3 A (cos ∳ = 250 VAC or 30 VDC	1) max. at
Operation mode	Light-ON/Dark-ON switch selectable							
Life expectancy (relay output)	Mechanical:50,000,000 operations min. (switching frequencies) Electrical: 100,000 operations min. (switching frequencies)							
Circuit protection	Protection from reversed power supply connection, load short-circuit, and mutual interference		Protection fro interference	om mutual	Protection from reversed power supply connection, load short-circuit, and mutual interference			

(This table continues on the next page.)

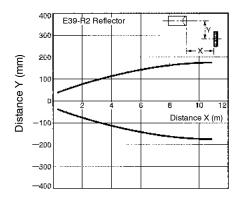
Sensing m	nethod	Retroreflect	ive (polarized)			Diffuse				
Part numb	er	E3G-R13	E3G-R17	E3G-MR19	E3G-MR19T	E3G-L73	E3G-L77	E3G-ML79	E3G-ML79T	
Response	time	1 ms 30 ms max.				5 ms 30 ms max.			1	
Sensitivity	ensitivity adjustment One-turn potentiometer			Teaching (i	n NORMAL or 2	ZONE mode)				
Ambient ill (receiver s			Incandescent lamp: 3,000 lx max. Sunlight: 10,000 lx max.							
Ambient te	emperature		- 25°C to 55°C (0°C to 70°C (- 2		ith no icing or c	ondensatior	1			
Relative humidity			Operating: 35% to 85%/ Storage: 35% to 95% with no condensation							
Insulation resistance		20 MΩ min. at 500 VDC								
Dielectric s	Dielectric strength		50/60 Hz for	2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1,000 VA 1 min 1 min		· ·	1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min		2,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min	
Vibration r	esistance	10 to 55 Hz, 1.5-mm double amplitude for 2 hours each in X, Y, and Z axes								
Shock resi	stance	500 m/s ² 3 times each in X, Y, and Z axes								
Degree of	protection	IP67								
Connection method 2 m cable M12 Terminal block connector		2 m cable	M12 connector	Terminal blo	ck					
Weight (packed state)		Approx. 150 g	Approx. 50 g	Approx. 150 g			Approx. 50 g	Approx. 150	g	
Material	Case	PBT (polybu	utylene terephth	halate)						
	Lens	Acrylic (PM	MA)							
	Mounting bracket	Stainless steel (SUS304), order separately								

Specifications Table - continued from previous page

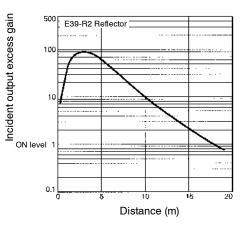
Engineering Data

■ RETROREFLECTIVE MODELS, E3G-R/MR

Lateral Movement



Excess Gain

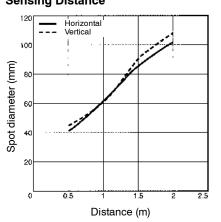


Sensing Zone in NORMAL Mode

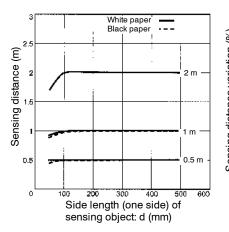
■ DIFFUSE MODELS, E3G-L/ML

Spot Diameter vs. Sensing Distance

E3G

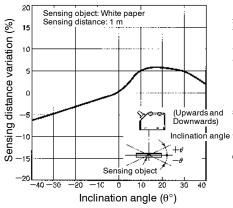


Sensing Object Size vs. Setting Distance

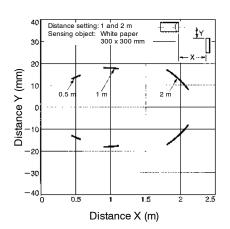


4 Distance setting: 0.5, 1, and 2 m T_Y Sensing object: White paper 300 x 300 mm -- x ---3 21 Distance Y (mm) 1 m 0.5 2 m 2 -30 -~40∟ 0 0.51.5 2.5 Distance X (m)

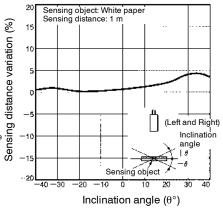
Sensing Object Angle Characteristics (Up and Down)



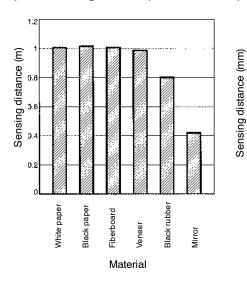
Sensing Zone in ZONE Mode



Sensing Object Angle (Left and Right)



Sensing Distance vs. Sensing Object Material (at 1-m Setting Distance)



Sensing Distance vs. Sensing Object Material (at 500-mm Setting Distance)

600

500

400

300

200

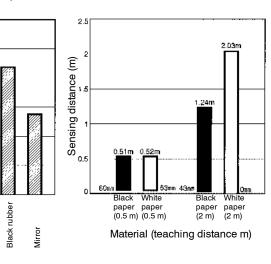
100

paper

White p

Black paper

Close-range Characteristics



Fiberboard

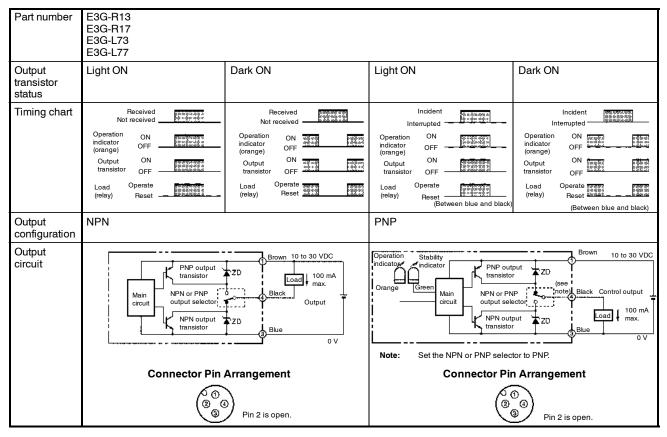
Veneer

Material

Operation

OUTPUT CIRCUITS

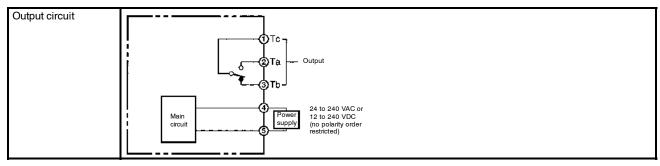
NPN/PNP Selectable



Relay Output

Timer function		
Part number	E3G-MR19 E3G-ML79	
Timing chart	Received Barter Barter Not received Operation ON indicator OFF Corange OFF Ta OFF Corange OFF	Received Not received Operation ON indicator (orange) OFF Ta ON OFF
Mode selector	Light-ON (L/ON)	Dark-ON (D/ON)

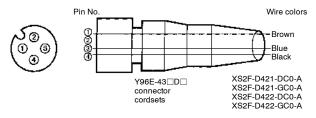
Timer function	ON or OFF delay 0 to 5 s (adjustable)	
Part number	E3G-MR19T E3G-ML79T	
Timing chart	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c} T_1 & T_2 & T_2 & T_2 & T_2 & T_2 \\ \hline \\ Incident \\ Interrupted \\ ON \\ ON \\ OFF \\ OFF \\ delay_{OFF} \end{array} \xrightarrow{(V_1 \land V_2)} T_{0} & (V_1 \land V_2) \\ \hline \\ OFF \\ delay_{OFF} \end{array}$
Mode selector	Light-ON (L/ON)	Dark-ON (D/ON)



Note: Td1, Td2: Delay time (0 to 5 s)

A period longer than the delay time. T₁:

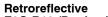
■ CONNECTOR



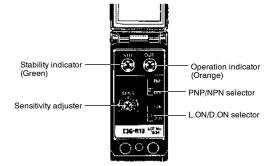
Classification	Wire color	Connector pin No.	Use
DC	Brown	1	Power supply (+V)
		2	Not used
	Blue	3	Power supply (0 V)
	Black	4	Output

Nomenclature

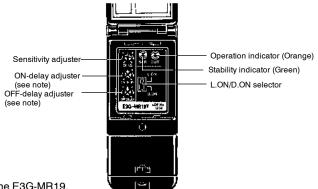
CONTROL PANELS



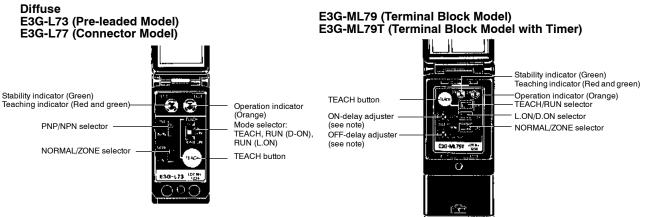
E3G-R13 (Pre-leaded Model) E3G-R17 (Connector Model)



E3G-MR19 (Terminal Block Model) E3G-MR19T (Terminal Block Model with Timer)



Note: The ON- or OFF-delay adjuster is not available with the E3G-MR19.



Note: The ON- or OFF-delay adjuster is not available with the E3G-ML79.

POWER SUPPLY

A power supply with full-wave rectification can be connected to the E3G-MR19(T).

The tensile strength of the cable during operation should not exceed the values shown below.

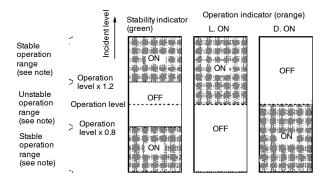
Part number	Tensile strength
E3G-R13, E3G-MR19(T)	50 N max.
E3G-R17	10 N max.

ADJUSTMENTS

Indicators

The following illustration indicates the operation levels of the E3G.

Set the E3G so that it will work within the stable operation range.

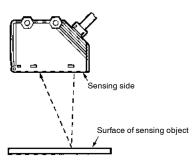


Note: If the operation level is set to the stable operation range, the E3G will operate with the highest reliability and without being influenced by temperature change, voltage fluctuation, dust, or setting change. If the operation level cannot be set to the stable operation range, pay close attention to environmental changes while operating the E3G.

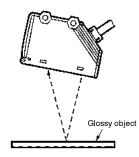
MOUNTING DIFFUSE MODELS

Mounting Directions

Make sure that the sensing side of the Sensor is parallel with the surface of each sensing object. Do not tilt the Sensor towards the sensing object.

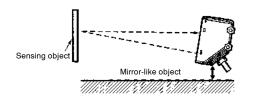


If the sensing object has a glossy surface, tilt the Sensor by 5° to 10° as shown below, provided that the Sensor is not influenced by any background objects.

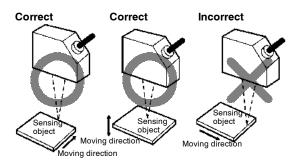


E3G

If there is a mirror-like object below the Sensor, the Sensor may not be in stable operation. Therefore, tilt the Sensor or keep the Sensor a distance away from the mirror-like object as shown below.



Make sure not to install the Sensor in the incorrect direction. Refer to the following.

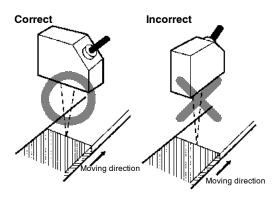


■ ADJUSTMENTS FOR DIFFUSE MODELS

Adjustment Steps

1	Install, wire, and turn ON the Sensor.
2	Perform sensitivity adjustments (teaching). Refer to Distance Setting (Teaching) below.
3	Check that the mode selector is set to RUN.

Install the Sensor as shown in the following if each sensing object greatly differs in color or material.



OTHERS

If a teaching data error occurs with the operation indicator flashing due to a power failure or static noise, perform the teaching operation of the Sensor again.

E3G

DISTANCE SETTING (TEACHING)

Select the most appropriate teaching method in reference to the following descriptions.

Application	Teaching without sensing objects (i.e., teaching the background).	Setting a threshold in the middle between the background and sensing object for operation.	Detection of glossy objects in front of the background.	Setting the maximum sensing distance of the Sensor.
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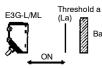
Teaching	Normal one-point teaching	Normal two-point teaching	Zone teaching	Maximum distance setting (in normal mode)
Setting method	Press the TEACH button with the background object.	Press the TEACH button with the background object and with the sensing object.	Press the TEACH button with the background object (conveyor, etc.).	Press the TEACH button for longer than three seconds.
Set threshold	Threshold (a) is set to a distance in front of the background of 20% of the background distance.	Threshold (a) is set approximately in the middle between the background and sensing object.	Thresholds (a and b) are set in the sensing distance on condition that the difference between these thresholds are approximately 10% of the whole sensing distance.	The threshold is set so that the stability indicator will turn ON at approximately 2 m if the sensing object is white paper.
Output ON range	The output is ON between the Sensor and La.	The output is ON between the Sensor and La.	The output is ON between La and Lb.	The output is ON whenever the sensing object is located between the Sensor and at a distance of 2.2 m.

La: Distance equivalent to threshold (a)

Lb: Distance equivalent to threshold (b)

■ NORMAL MODE

1. Normal One-point Teaching





2. Normal Two-point Teaching

Normal One-point Teaching

		Operation
	1.	Set the mode selector to TEACH.
ure	2.	Set the NORMAL/ZONE mode selector to NORMAL.
Procedure	3.	Press the TEACH button with no sensing object (i.e., teach the background). The teaching indicator (red) will turn ON.
	4.	Set the mode selector to RUN. (Set to L-ON or D-ON mode.)

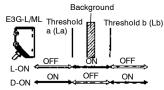
Note: Perform normal one-point teaching with the background.

Normal Two-point Teaching

		Operation
	1.	Set the mode selector to TEACH.
	2.	Set the NORMAL/ZONE mode selector to NORMAL.
	3.	Press the TEACH button with a sensing object located at the sensing position. The teaching indicator (red) will turn ON.
are	4.	Move the sensing object and press the TEACH button with the back- ground.
Procedure		 If the teaching is successful, the teaching indicator (green) will turn ON.
		 If the teaching is not successful, the teaching indicator (red) will start to flash.
	5.	If the teaching is successful, set the mode selector to RUN to complete the teaching operation. Set the E3G to light ordark-ON mode with the mode selector according
		to the application. If the teaching is not successful, change the set distance and object sensing position and repeat two-point teaching from step 3.

ZONE MODE

Zone Teaching



Zone Teaching

		Operation
	1.	Set the mode selector to TEACH.
	2.	Set the NORMAL/ZONE mode selector to ZONE.
dure	3.	Press the TEACH button with the background.
Procedure		 The teaching indicator (red) will turn ON first. Then the teaching indicator (green) will turn ON.
	4.	Set the mode selector to RUN. (Set to L-ON or D-ON mode.)

Note: Perform zone teaching with the background.

Maximum Distance Setting (in Normal Mode)

		Operation	ĺ
	1.	Set the mode selector to TEACH.	
	2.	Set the NORMAL/ZONE mode selector to NORMAL.	
Pre	3.	Press the TEACH button for 3 s or more.	
Procedure		The teaching indicator (red) will turn ON.	
Pro		 The teaching indicator (green) will turn ON in 3 s. This means that teaching was successful. 	
	4.	If the teaching is successful, set the mode selector to RUN to complete the teaching operation. (Set to L-ON or D-ON mode.)	

■ TERMINAL BLOCK MODELS E3G-MR

Wiring

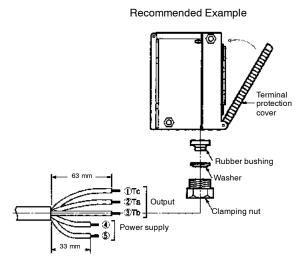
E3G

The cable with an external diameter of 6 to 8 mm is recommended.

Be sure to attach the cover with screws securely in order to maintain the water- and dust-resistive properties of the product.

Terminal Cover

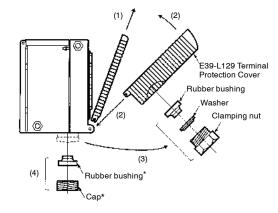
Do not tighten the terminal protection cover with wires pinched between the Sensor and the cover in order to maintain the waterand dust-resistive properties of the product.



CHANGING CABLE EXIT

Procedure

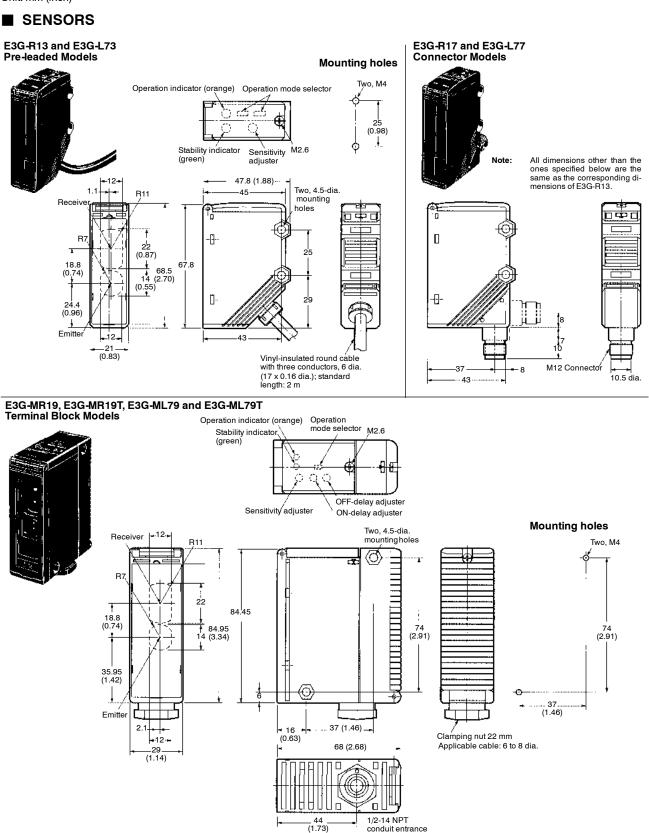
- 1. Remove the present cover. (Item 1 below)
- 2. Attach the E39-L129 Terminal Protection Cover for side-pullout cable.
- 3. Remove the clamping nut, washer, and rubber bushing of the E3G. These are used for the side-pullout cable.
- 4. Attach the rubber bushing and cap provided with the E39-L129 to the E3G as replacements.



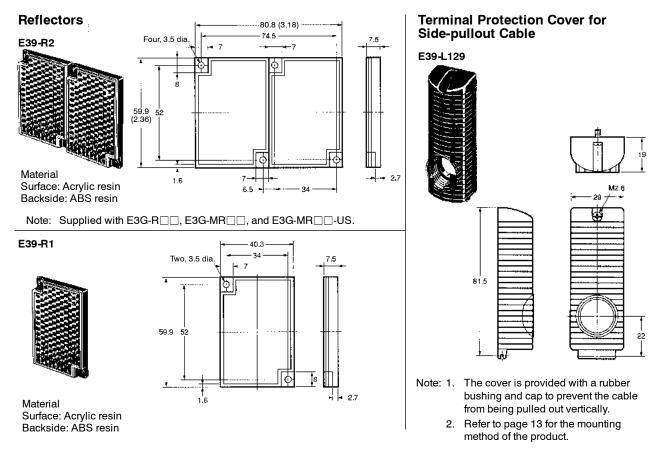
Note: *Provided with the E39-L129.

Dimensions

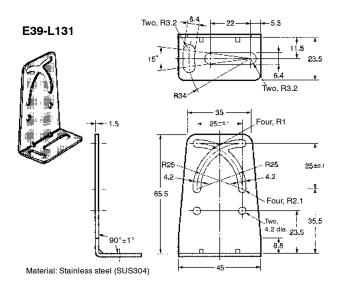
Unit: mm (inch)



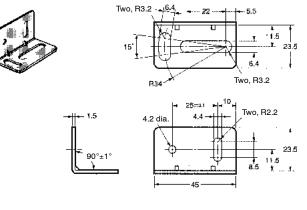
ACCESSORIES (ORDER SEPARATELY)



MOUNTING BRACKETS (NOT INCLUDED, ORDER SEPARATELY)

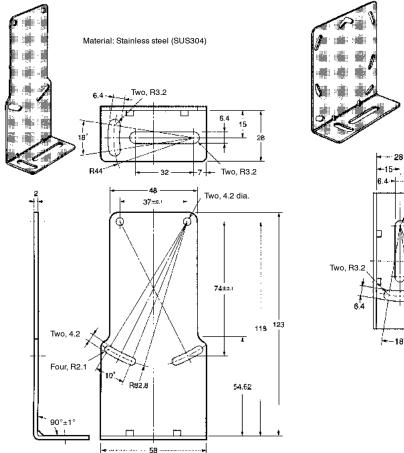


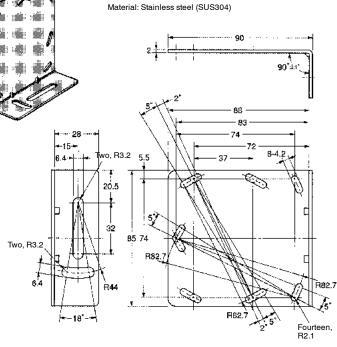
E39-L132



Material: Stainless steel (SUS304)

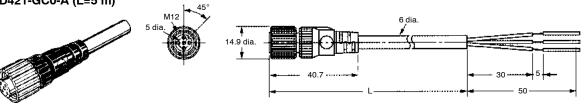






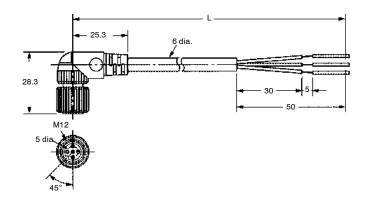
CONNECTOR CORDSETS

Straight XS2F-D421-DC0-A (L=2 m) XS2F-D421-GC0-A (L=5 m)



Right angle XS2F-D422-DC0-A (L=2 m) XS2F-D422-GC0-A (L=5 m)





Precautions

E3G

Do not ignore the following items that are essential for securing safety during Sensor operation.

- Do not use the Sensor in locations with explosive or flammable gas.
- Do not use the Sensor in the water or electrically conductive solutions.
- · Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the product.

Load Relay Contact

If E3G is connected to an inductive load with contacts that spark when the load is turned OFF (e.g., a contactor or valve), the normally-closed side may be turned ON before the normally-open side is turned OFF or vice-versa. If both normally-open output and normally-closed output are used simultaneously, apply an surge suppressor to the load.

Stabilization on Power-up

The Sensor needs 100 ms to be ready to operate after it is turned ON. The devices connected to E3G wait until the Sensor is ready to operate. If the Sensor and load are connected to separate power supplies, be sure to turn ON the Sensor first.

Power OFF

A single pulse signal may be output from the Sensor immediately after it is turned OFF. This will occur more frequently if a timer or counter is connected to the Sensor and power is supplied to the timer or counter independently. Be sure to supply power to the timer or counter from the built-in power supply of the Sensor.

Power Supply

If a standard switching regulator is used, be sure to ground the FG (frame ground) and G (ground) terminals, otherwise the Sensor may malfunction due to the switching noise of the regulator.

Repeated Cable Bending

Do not bend the sensor cable repeatedly.

High-tension Lines

Do not wire power lines or high-tension lines alongside the lines of the Sensor in the same conduit, otherwise the Sensor may be damaged or may malfunction due to induction. Be sure to wire the lines of the Sensor separated from power lines or high-tension lines or laid in an exclusive, shielded conduit.

The E3G has a built-in function to protect the Sensor from load short-circuiting. If load short-circuiting results, the output will be turned OFF. In that case, check the wiring and turn ON the E3G again so that the short-circuit protection circuit will be reset. This function will operate if the output current flow is at least 2.0 times the rated load current. If an inductive load is connected to the E3G, make sure that the inrush current does not exceed 1.2 times the rated load current.

The cable can be extended up to a total length of 100 m, on condition that the thickness of the wire is at least 0.3 mm.

- Make sure that the power supply specifications, such as AC or DC, are correct.
- Do not apply voltage or current exceeding the rated ranges.
- Do not make mistakes in wiring, such as mistakes in polarity.
- Be sure to connect the load correctly.
- Do not short-circuit the load terminals.

MOUNTING

Mounting Conditions

If Sensors are mounted face-to-face, make sure that no optical axes cross each other. Otherwise, mutual interference may result.

Be sure to install the Sensor carefully so that the directional angle range of the Sensor will not be directly exposed to intensive light, such as sunlight, fluorescent light, or incandescent light.

Do not strike the Photoelectric Sensor with a hammer or any other tool during the installation of the Sensor, or the Sensor will loose its water-resistive properties.

Use M4 screws to mount the Sensor.

When mounting the case, make sure that the tightening torque applied to each screw does not exceed 1.2 N \bullet m.

M12 Connector

Be sure to connect or disconnect the M12 connector after turning OFF the Sensor.

Be sure to hold the connector cover when connecting or disconnecting the M12 connector.

The M12 connector must be only hand-tightened.

If the M12 connector is not connected securely, the proper degree of protection of the Sensor may not be maintained or the connector may be disconnected due to vibration.

Water Resistance

Do not use the product in water, in rain, or outdoors.

Tighten the operation cover screws and terminal block cover screws to a torque of 0.3 to 0.5 N \cdot m in order to ensure water resistivity.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Cleaning

Use only water and mild detergent. Do not use harsh chemicals or solvents.

OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

Do not install the E3G in locations with the following conditions.

- Excessive dust.
- Corrosive gases.
- Directly exposed to sprays of water, oil, or chemicals.
- Directly exposed to vibration or shock.

	 Fac
E3G	E3G

NOTE: DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS. To convert millimeters to inches divide by 25.4.



OMRON ON-LINE

Global - http://www.omron.com USA - http://www.omron.com/oei Canada - http://www.omron.com/oci OMRON CANADA, INC. 885 Milner Avenue Scarborough, Ontario M1B 5V8 416-286-6465

Cat. No. CEDSAX4

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Specifications subject to change without notice.

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