

ASTELL WYDN

24 mis Ebrel 2023

Affirmative statements about the past

The easiest method is to use a **wrug** to make the simple past tense for most verbs.

Exercise 1

What do these sentences mean?

Me a wrug metya gans cothman. Te a wrug comptya an pluvednow plobm. Ev a wrug debry dehen rew. Hy a wrug mordardhya wàr Treth Fystral. Ny a wrug mos dhe Lanust. Why a wrug erhy pytsas. Anjy a wrug prena pastys. An descador a wrug checkya oll an taclow i'n rom. An gath a wrug esedha dhyrag an daras. An flehes a wrug ponya i'n lowarth.

Questions and negative statements about the past

For these we need all the forms of the simple past tense of **gwil**. Here they are in Second State, ready to be used after interrogative particle **a** or negative particle **ny**.

wrug vy	wrussyn ny
wrusta	wrussowgh why
wrug ev	wrussons y
wrug hy	
wrug + noun subject	

Affirmative statements may also be formed with particle **y** followed by Fifth State. For example, **y whrug vy** instead of **me a wrug**.

*(This is the same alternative as using **y whrav vy** or **y fydnaf vy** to make future statements instead of more usual **me a wra** and **me a vydn**.)*

Exercise 2

Crysten and Tony went for a Saturday walk on Carn Bre. Afterwards Crysten's friend Jenefer is curious to know how the day went.

Jenefer	Fatl'yw kerdhes gans Tôny? A wrusta cafos jorna brav?
Crysten	Eâ, sur. Ny a wrug gwandra dres Carn Bre.
Jenefer	A wrussowgh why mos bys in top an vre?
Crysten	Gwrussyn, ha'n vu awartha o spladn.
Jenefer	Pëth a wrussowgh why gwil wosa hedna?
Crysten	Ny a wrug mos dhe Cambron, rag eva neppëth in coffyva.
Jenefer	A wrusta debry inwedh?
Crysten	Wèl, y whrug vy kemeres udn flapjack.
Jenefer	Ha pëth a wrug Tôny debry?
Crysten	Ogh, nor'vy. Neb breghtan cras, neb knofen toos ...
Jenefer	Crysten, te a wor – nyns usy Tôny ow tebry taclow dâ. Saw ny yllysta mellya. Y negys y honen yw y vêwnans ev.

*Note how g- only appears at the front of the forms of **gwil** when they are used in First State to say 'yes' (instead of more common eâ).*

The past tense equivalent of **yll** ‘can’ is **ylly** ‘could’.

Exercise 3

Tas Tôny yw trigys in Pow Densher. Tôny a wrug viajya dhe Plymoth rag vysytya y das. Ev a ylly viajya war an train. Y das a ylly metya ganso i'n gorsaf. Anjy a wrug mos dhe davern in cres an dre. Anjy a ylly côwsel adro dhe oll aga nowodhow. Ha debry ly. Hag eva lies gwedren a goref. Tôny a wrug mencyon dh'y das a'y gothman Crysten. Y das a wrug govyn mars yw perthynas sad. “Nor'vy, a Das,” a wrug Tôny leverel. “Nyns yw an perthynas êsy mân. Martesen nyns eus lowr a daclow kebmyn inter agan dew. Dâ yw gensy mordardhya ha gwil meur a sport. Ha nebes pendom yw hy tûchyng manerow hy vytel.” Tas Tôny a wrug cùssulya warbydn hast. Tôny a wrug leverel, “Awhêr vëth! Ow fystena dhe gafos gwreg nyns esof vy.” “Byttele,” y das a wrug gortheby, “res yw dhis nepprés demedhy, a nyns yw?” “Dar!” Tôny a wrug cria in mes. “A ny yllin ny côwsel heb qwestyon cales a'n par-na?”

Next lesson

De Sadorn, whe mis Mê, y fëdh Cùrunyans an Tressa Charlys Mytern. Agan nessa lesson a vëdh de Lun, pymthek mis Mê, hanter wosa seyth gordhuwher.