NY Herlald Tribune

anuary 11, 1966

H. Wickenden -The Father Of Blue Cross

ospital Fund in 1929, he read an interesting experiment egun that year at Baylor niversity Hospital in Texas. The idea was a simple one: he hospital entered into an reement to provide prepaid re at small cost to a group schoolteachers. The plan as the beginning of what is ow called the Blue Cross ovement to pay hospital lls, out of which grew Blue nield to help pay doctors'

amed Homer Edgar Wick-

iden became general director

the half-century old United

The United Hospital Fund en had a membership of 56 luntary non-profit hospitals, nich provided care for needy tients at nominal cost paid the UHF with contributions ceived in annual drives. Mr. ickenden thought New York ty needed some sort of plan te Baylor's to provide pre-tid hospital care, not just

r the needy, but for persons moderate means willing d able to pay a reasonable m for it.

With the active support of e late Dr. Sigismund Schulz

oldwater, Mayor Fiorello H. Guardia's energetic Com-issioner of Hospitals, Mr. ickenden appointed a Hostal Survey Committee to ok into the matter. He peraded Dr. Goldwater to head e committee.

The committee completed survey and recommended the late Gov. Herbert H. hman and the legislature amendment to the insurce law and the corporation w to pave the way for the ganization of a group hostalization plan in New York ty. It was known as the

Brien-Garnjost bill, and was med by Gov. Lehman on ay 16, 1934.

Thereafter it was

Within two months, the Asciated Hospital Service of w York had been organized, th Mr. Wickenden as secrery, and the United Hospital

nd had obtained donations \$15,000 from the Commonalth Fund and \$5,000 from e Josiah Macy jr. Foundan to finance its beginning.

When a young social worker entitled to receive 21 days of care a year from one of the 56 hospitals which were members of Mr. Wickenden's United Hospital Fund.

Mr. Wickenden died yesterday at the age of 75 in Law-rence Hospital in Bronxville of Parkinson's disease, from which he had been ill since his retirement from active social service work in 1956. He had lived in recent years at 5 The Byway, Bronxville.

Before he died, he had seen his Associated Hospital Service of New York, always called the Blue Cross Plan after the Baylor experiment, grow from the five boroughs of New York City to include 12 surrounding counties, Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester, Rock-land, Sullivan, Greene Ulster, Putnam, Dutchess, Columbia, Orange and Delaware.

In addition, there are seven other Blue Cross Plans in the New York State and 76 autonomous, independent plans in the nation. His original brain-child last year had 265 member hospitais in its area and commuting communities in New Jersey and Connecti-

Mr. Wickenden continued as general director of the UHF until 1940 (and noted last year that its member hospitals had grown to 78 voluntary non-profit institutions and its campaign goal to \$3 million.) From 1941 through 1943,

during the war years, he was simultaneously administrator of the New York Medical College and the Fiower & Fifth Avenue Hospitals.

But his heart was still in social work, though now his interest shifted to social and kindred workers. From 1944 to 1956, he was vice-president and secretary of the National Health and Welfare Retirement Association.

Mr. Wickenden was born in Toledo and obtained the no longer existing degree of bachelor of philosophy in 1912 from Denison University in Granville, Ohio. Nine years later, he took time off from social service work in Cleveland to obtain a master's degree from the University of

Homer Edgar Wich nden Dies; Leader in Health and Welfare

Special to The New York Times

organization,

enden as secretary.

N.Y. Times

BRONXVILLE, N.Y., Jan. 10

He served as administrator
of the New York Medical College and Flower Fifth Avenue
Hospitals in New York City
from 1941 through 1943. He
was 76 years old and
lived for 30 years in Bronxville ministrators in 1955.

Until his retirement in 1958

d Mr. Wickenden was secretary of the Metropolitan Opera Guild.
- and executive vice president of the National Health and Welfare Retirement Association, which he helped organize. This correspond to the National Health and Welfare work.

In 1949 Mr. Wickenden served and welfare work.

In 1949 Mr. Wickenden served and president of the Bronyville organization. which he helped organize. This organization, which supplies as president of the Bronxville supplemental income and health Board of Education. He was a insurance to retired health of the Bronxville supplies as a president of the Bronxville supplies as a president of the Bronxville supplies as a supplier of the Bronxville supplies as president of the Bronxvill

supplemental income and health and insurance to retired health and welfare workers throughout the Welfare workers throughout the United States, has a present membership of 55,000 persons.

From 1929 to 1940 Mr. Wickenden, who was of the United Hospitals Fund of the United Hospitals Fund of New York City. His interest in this organization caused him

of New York City. His interest in this organization caused him to promote legislation in 1932 and 1933 for the establishment of what is now the Blue Cross, the Associated Hospital Service, or more familiarly known then as the "3-cent-a-day plan."

The plan, in effect at the time in various communities daughters. Mrs. Jack Walters of the National Nursing Council for War Service; two time in various communities daughters, Mrs. Jack Walters of throughout the United States, received its real impetus as a danal Abel, Los Angeles; two national idea from its original success in New York. The first cards sent out to members here bore the name of Mr. Wick-enden as secretary

1/11/66

Additional Obituaries on Page 20

E. Wickenden Credited With Role

In Founding Blue Cross

In Founding Blue Cross

Homer Edgar Wickenden,
76, a former Toledoan generally credited with promoting legislation that founded Blue Cross in 1932 in New York, died Monday in Lawrence Hospital, Bronxville, N.Y.

Mr. Wickenden was engaged in health, welfare, and hospital projects until his retirement in 1958 as secretary and executive vice president of the National Health and Welfare Retirement Association, affiliated with John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co., an association which he also helped organize.

Mutual Life Insurance Co., an association which he also helped organize.

He was born in Toledo, and was graduated in 1909 from the old Toledo Central High School. He had degrees from Denison University and the University of Louisville. His sister, Mrs. Fred W. Klag, resides at 602 Starr Ave.

After graduation from college Mr. Wickenden moved to the east coast and began what became his life work. He served as administrator of New York Medical College and Flower Fifth Avenue Hospital from 1941 through 1943. He was elected honorary fellow of the College of Hospital Administrators in 1955.

From 1929 to 1940 he was general director of the United Hospital Fund of New York City, the group which promoted legislation resulting in the Blue Cross plan. This legislation gave local hospital insurance plans the impetus to develop a national project. Mr. Wickenden was secretary of the New York plan generally known as the "three-centarday" plan when it was conceived.

He was also secretary of the Matreaulitan Opean Cuild and

ceived.

ceived.

He was also secretary of the Metropolitan Opera Guild and president of the Bronxville Board of Education.

Surviving besides Mrs. Klag are his wife, Elmira: daughters, Mrs. Ann Walters Simsbury, Conn.; Mrs. Ruth Abel, Los Angeles; brothers Dr. Thomas H., of Short Hills. N.J., and Dr. Arthur C., oo Cxford, O.; sisters, Mrs. Ida Wroe Nixon, Pomona, Calif. and Mrs. Ruth H. Winans Ashland, Ky., and five grand children. children.

at 2 p.m. in Reformed Church of Brorxville. The family requests that any tributes be in the form of contributions to Lawrence Hospital building fund. fund, Bronxville.