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Shoulder Instability Surgery: Postoperative Instructions

• Resume regular diet as soon as possible.

- Medication .
- Take 1-2 tablets every 4-6 hours as needed for pain.
- \Box Oxycodone \Box Norco \Box Tylenol#3
- □ You have been given a prescription for Phenergan. Fill this prescription ONLY IF you have severe nausea.
- If you had a block, begin taking pain medicine at the first sign of return of sensation. Take medicine prior to onset of pain.
- Restart your daily medication unless you are otherwise instructed

You will be given a prescription for pain medicine at your preoperative appointment. Take the medicine as needed according to the directions on the bottle. Possible side effects include nausea, dizziness, headache, vomiting, constipation and urinary retention. If you experience these side affects please call our office for assistance. Discontinue the medication if you develop a rash, shortness of breath, itching, or difficulty swallowing. If these symptoms become severe you should seek immediate medial attention.

Refills on pain medication are authorized during office hours only (8am-5pm; Mon-Fri). Meds will not be refilled on weekends.

Activity You have been given a cooling unit to ice your shoulder. This can be used at all times for the first 1-2 weeks, and then as needed. Do not let the ice pad directly touch your skin.

Apply ice, even though bandages are thick and you may not feel the cold. Apply the ice to the shoulder 3 times per day for 20 minutes for the first 1 week until your shoulder is feeling comfortable again.

- **DO NOT** use heat.
- **DO NOT** actively (on your own) lift your operative arm away from the side of your body unless you are with your doctor, physical therapist, or athletic trainer.
- **DO NOT** lift anything with your operative hand.
- Place a pillow behind the elbow while lying down or sleeping. Sleeping in a more upright position (recliner) maybe more comfortable initially.
- Open and close your hand, flex and extend your wrist and elbow. Do each 10 times every hour that you are awake.

Page 2 Shoulder Instability Showering **D** You may shower 3 days after surgery unless told otherwise. DO NOT immerse the shoulder under water and DO NOT rub the incision. Place new band-aids over the sutures after showering. You may NOT shower or get the dressings wet until after your next office visit. Cover the bandages appropriately when washing to keep them from getting wet. **Dressing Care** Keep the dressing dry. You can expect some light bloody wound seepage through the bandage. DO NOT **BE ALARMED**. This is normal. **Dressing removal**: **Construction** Remove all dressings 72 hours after the surgery and apply a band-aid over each incision to cover suture. **DO NOT** remove the sutures. **DO NOT REMOVE** the dressings until your next office visit. Arthroscopic □ Intact □ Partial tear □ Full tear Rotator Cuff: Findings Bone spur (acromion) Shoulder joint arthritis Acromioclavicular joint arthritis Joint lining inflammation (synovitis) Labrum (cartilage) tear 🛛 Anterior 🖵 Superior 🔲 Posterior Biceps tendon tear/inflammation Loose Body Other Procedure Arthroscopic joint evaluation Performed Rotator cuff debridement (trimming frayed edges) Rotator cuff repair Subacromial decompression (spur removal) □ Anterior □ Superior □ Posterior Labral repair Biceps tendon repair/release Distal Clavicle Excision (Removal of the tip of the collar bone) Joint debridement 🛛 Labrum 🖵 Biceps 🖵 Joint (cartilage) surface Other Physical You will be given a physical therapy prescription to begin in 1 to 2 days. You will be given a physical therapy prescription when you are seen in the Therapy office for follow-up. No formal physical therapy will be needed.

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Follow-Up

A follow-up appointment with your physician is on ______.

- Notify our office at **301-475-5555** for:
 - 1. 1. A sudden increase in swelling and redness or warm at the area the surgery was performed which is not relieved by rest, ice, and elevation.
 - 2. Oral temperature greater then 101.5 degrees that is not relieved by taking 2 Tylenol every 4-6 hours. Do not exceed 3.5 grams of Tylenol over 24 hours. Note your pain medicine contains Tylenol or acetaminophen.
 - 3. Excessive drainage from the incision or dressing which has not stopped 72 hours after surgery which is not relieved by applying a compressive dressing, ice and elevation.
 - 4. Fever, chills, shortness of breath, chest pain, nausea, vomiting or other signs and symptoms that concern you.

I have seen and understand these instructions.

	Date	
Discharge Nurse	Patient	
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